

UNCLASSIFIED

Class	Number of Incidents	Approximate percentage
1. Astronomical		
a. High probability	42	58
b. Fair or low probability	22	30
Total	64	88
2. Non-astronomical but suggestive of other explanations		
a. Halos or ordinary optical	48	66
b. Comets, flares, or falling bodies	20	28
c. Astronomical indications, natural phenomena, birds, etc.	12	16
Total	78	100
3. Unsubstantiated, with no evident explanation		
a. Lack of evidence produces explanation	30	35
b. Evidence offered suggests no explanation	48	55
Total	78	90

According to these findings, 78, or almost two-thirds, of the 127 incidents per capita without an appropriate hypothesis for explanation. It is likely, of course, that with additional evidence a number of those included in class 2b would be easily explained (some of them, probably, astronomically). There are, however, at least 48 incidents in which the evidence, if correct as given, does not fit any simple explanation, and a number of these were reported by probably well-qualified observers.

UNCLASSIFIED